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LONDON, JAN. 28.—THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT SHOULD PREPARE TO SETTLE WITH PERSIA TO COVER THE SITUATION OF THE CONTINUED EMBASSY BLOCKADE BETWEEN CONGRESS AND THE MUSLIM EMPIRE, SAYS THE TIMES IN AN EDITORIAL TODAY.

THE REASON IS THE TIMES SAYS THAT THE PRESENT SITUATION CANNOT CONTINUE WITHOUT GREAT DAMAGE TO THE CULTURAL RELATIONS BETWEEN BRITAIN AND INDIA.

The authorities in London are reportedly "doubtful" that the monthly target of air troops from India has to be reduced from 10,000 to 5,000.

The reason for the decision that with the demobilization of transport air crews in India, the Government will not be engaged in air training to develop more time to training to the safety standards may be maintained.

As extra precaution, the number of troops carried in the aircraft is not needed and the training squadrons are being withdrawn from the service.

The decision to reduce the monthly target force does not mean there will be delay in getting men home. The higher priority has been given to protect the troops so that their work will be held up in respect to demobilization.

Buenos Aires, Jan. 16.—The first outbreak of violence in the 3-day lock-out by Argentina's industry and commerce in protest against the Government's labour policies, was reported last night from a small town 60 miles west of Buenos Aires.

Several thousand persons attacked a warehouse and some shops.

A crowd looted the warehouse and then burned it. Among the articles looted were a quantity of liquor.

Meanwhile, Colonel Juan Peron, who has been campaigning actively for the Presidency since he left the Government last October yesterday officially became a Candidate when the labour party nominated him to head its ticket for the National elections on February 24.

Associated Press.

Batavia, Jan. 16.

British artillery to-day aligned Indonesian machine-gun firing from the neighbourhood of an hotel on the outskirts of Bandung, the hill station 100 miles south-east of Batavia, an official statement said.

A British patrol also encountered Indonesian troops and machine-gun fire on the Lombong Road in the same area.

At a bridge near Sourabaya British artillery and mortars engaged Indonesian extremists, who also wounded three Indian soldiers in another attack.

In Bandung to-day, Allied aircraft were searching for a "neutral" radio station. Reuters.

London, Jan. 10.
Dr. Joseph Herman Hertz, 73
chief rabbi of the British Empire
for 33 years and a leading figure
in world Jewish affairs for nearly
half a century, died to-day.—Asso-
ciated Press.

Tokyo, Jan. 10.
Allied Headquarters to-day dis-
approved the Japanese Govern-
ment's request for the establish-
ment of a "Japan Seaman's Wel-
fare and Relief Association." It
was reported to-day here. Asso-
ciated Press.

Washington, Jan. 16.
President Truman declared yesterday that the United States will occupy for as long as it is necessary all Pacific islands essential to security. Any islands not wanted by the United States would be handed to the Trusteeship Council of the United Nations Organization. **Reuter**

London, Jan. 15.—To-night in ancient Greenwich the home of kings and queens, the leading representatives of the United Nations were entertained. The Prime Minister and Mrs. Attlee received the guests at Greenwich Palace, where the state function to-night was taking place for the first time since the eighteenth century.

Proposing the toasts of His Majesty the King, the sovereignty of all heads of the states represented in the United Nations, Mr. Attlee recalled the historic association of Greenwich and said: "It is not inappropriate that here, at the dividing line between the Eastern and Western hemisphere there should be gathered together the representatives of all nations who meet to intend that the old divisions should be submerged in a greater unity." Rouser.

At the banquet last night the Greenwich Naval College, the American Naval College and the London Y. M. C. A. were represented by wearing tuxedos instead of ordinary suits. Associated Press.

THE WAR OFFICE ANNOUNCES THAT THE CLASS A DEMOBILISATION OF GROUP 26 FOR OTHER RANKS WILL BE COMPLETED BY MARCH 6 AND THAT GROUP 27 WILL BEGIN THE NEXT DAY. FOR OFFICERS, WITH CERTAIN EXCEPTIONS, GROUP 24 WILL BE COMPLETED BY MARCH 13 AND GROUP 25 WILL BEGIN ON MARCH 14.

The statement points out that the age and service scheme does not affect all branches of the Army equally and warns that to ensure a reasonable standard of operational and administrative efficiency a considerable amount of compulsory deferment of individuals is inevitable.

The statement is as follows:

Officers, exclusive of medical and dental, Group 24 will complete by Mar. 13; Group 25 will begin on Mar. 14.

Other ranks—Group 26 will complete by Mar. 6; Group 27 will begin on Mar. 7.

A.T.S. and V.A.D. officers—Groups 35 to 40, Mar. 1 to Group 41, April 1; and V.A.D. to Groups 42 and 45, Mar. 1 to Mar. 31.

"This programme," says the statement, "maintains during the

U.S. Service personnel in Shanghai are being infected with V.D. at the rate of over 60 a week.

This information was revealed by U.S. Army Health Officers when making representations to the City Health Authorities for co-operation in curbing the spread of the disease.

Arrangement has, as a result, been made for the medical examination of prostitutes, as well as for the formation of a special unit of about 100 to cater specially to the needs of the Services.

Washington, Jan. 16. Frank Waring, former special assistant to the Secretary of Commerce, has been appointed Economic Adviser to the Export and Import Bank for consideration of credits involving the Far East. The Bank President, Mr. Wayne Taylor, announced the appointment yesterday. — Associated Press.

As expected gold tapped the 600 mark yesterday morning and jumped to \$640 a tael, but vented and towards noon and at the close of business in the afternoon was quoted at \$660 per tael.

Chinese national currency also dropped yesterday and closed at \$4.65 per CN\$1,000 as against \$4.85 the previous day.

U.S. dollar notes remained unchanged at \$0.15. This rate is for \$20 bills, a lower rate is paid for smaller denominations.

British Sterling notes at par, and buyers offer as high as \$17.50 to the £.

Australian pound notes have buyers at \$12.00.

LONDON, JAN. 10.
LORD BLYTH, OWNER OF THE "DAILY EXPRESS" TO DAY FLATLY DENIES IN HIS PAPER THAT HE MANAGED THE CONSERVATIVE PARTY IN THE LAST GENERAL ELECTION. IN THE "EVENING NEWS" HE CHARGES LORD BLYTH WITH HAVING DECLARED THAT BETTER RESULTS WOULD HAVE BEEN OBTAINED HAD HE BEEN REGULATING THE PARTY'S STRATEGY.

Manila, Jan. 16.

The People's Court Judge, Antonio Quirino, to-day ordered Prosecutor Juan Liwag to jail for contempt of court during the trial of beautiful Haydee Harras Teehankee, accused of collaborating with the Japanese.

Later, however, the Philippine Supreme Court ordered the Lower Tribunal to dissolve the order.

Liwag had refused to answer the court's question on the probability of evidence to be brought against the woman.

Accused, said to be the wife of a wealthy Chinese merchant, had been seen in the company of Colonel Akhiro Nagaha, an official functions during the occupation. (Associated Press.)

"WE WANT TO BE UNHITCHED" IS THE TENOR OF A CRY FROM SOME 600 CHINESE WOMEN IN CANTON, CHINA, WHO, ALONG WITH THEIR JAPANESE HUSBANDS, THEY HAVE SENT A PETITION TO THE AUTHORITIES FOR RELEASE FROM THE MARRIAGE TIE.

These women, many of whom have borne their amorous child, willingly went into internment with their husbands, determined to stick with them in rain or sunshine, but, evidently, the long and gloomy time and the gloomy prospects ahead have dampened their original ardour.

The authorities are giving them no consideration, but rather insist has not yet been an

London, Jan. 16. Moscow radio said to-day the presidium of the supreme council of the Soviet Union had ratified the Soviet-Polish treaty of August 16, 1945, establishing the frontiers between the two nations.—Associated Press.

THE HAGUE, JAN. 16.
CRITICISM OF THE NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT
POLICY IN INDONESIA-MARKED THE DEBATE
TO-DAY IN THE LOWER HOUSE OF DUTCH PAR-
LIAMENT.

It opened with an Attack on the Government by a Catholic member, M. van Poll.

He said that the declared policy of Dr. Hubertus van Mook, Lieutenant-Governor-General before his discussions with Sultan Sjahjir, premier of the "Indonesian Republic" was wrong as it weakened the Dutch position.

The Government did not appear to have maintained its strong standpoint against the régime of Dr. Soekarno, President of the self-proclaimed Indonesian Republic.

Another member, M. Meyerling said: "Holland will have to approach the Indonesian people in a different manner from that before the war."

"New standards must be adopted. In that respect there are no

CHUNGKING, JAN. 16.
FURTHER CHARGES AND COUNTER - CHARGES OF
VIOLATIONS OF THE TRUCE AGREEMENT
WERE MADE BY BOTH SIDES ON TUESDAY AS
THE POLITICAL CONSULTATIVE CONFERENCE
HEARD A PLEA FROM THE COMMUNIST ELDER
STATESMAN, TUNG PI - WU, FOR THE DEMO-
CRATISATION OF THE GOVERNMENT, NATION-
ALISATION OF THE ARMY AND OTHER RE-
FORMS.

Foreign observers believe that it will take a few more days for the skirmishes at different points to cease. They consider that a period of confusion after the Sunday midnight deadline for the cessation of hostilities is not unnatural and are consequently not inclined to treat so seriously the various charges and counter-charges of breaches of the truce.

These mutual accusations followed earlier reports of some official that quiet had descended on the different once active fronts.

BENTWATER,
SUFFOLK, JAN. 16.
THE FIRST REPORTED
MID-AIR COLLISION BE-
TWEEN JET PLANES
TOOK PLACE YESTERDAY.
Two R.A.F. fighter pilots were
killed when their jet-propelled
 Meteors collided over their station-
ing here and crashed.

The two Meteors were in a formation of three coming in to land at twelve hundred feet. They were part of a formation of twelve that had just returned from routine exercise.

When the accident happened, the other nine Meteor were in the circuit but at a higher altitude and were not in the area of the crash.

The Meteor landing with the two that collided not down safely. Airmen standing on the tarmac watching the twelve five hundred miles an hour jet planes coming in to land were horrified to see two of them come together.

The tail unit of one was cut completely off by the force of the impact. It spun into the ground just outside the airfield boundary.

Eye-witnesses say that the other jet-plane appeared undamaged but it crashed on the airfield perimeter track three quarters of a mile from the other.

It is thought that the pilot of this plane was thrown forward by the force of the collision and was stunned. But pilots were killed instantly. They were probably flying at two hundred miles an hour when they collided. Reuter.

YOKOHAMA, JAN. 16.
ASARI GUNSO, GUARD OF
THE MURORAN PRISON
CAMP ON HOKKAIDO ISLAND
WAS CALLED "SADIST" AND
"EVIL GENIUS OF THE
CAMP" IN AN AFFIDAVIT
SUBMITTED AT THE TRIAL
OF KAICHI HIRATE, FORMER
CAMP COMMANDANT.

Light, Morris Wynd, Britton Intelligence, who was a prisoner in the camp for several months, said in an affidavit that Gurnea told the victims of his beatings that he was "merely correcting them in a spirit of affection or blood relation."

The defense "affection of blood relation" became the camp slang for beatings, said Wynd.

The prosecution was expected to rest its case this afternoon or to-morrow.

The defense succeeded in excluding 13 prosecution affidavits this morning and observed that took this as an indication of how much the future trials which now are believed, will be speeded by the hearing of a few affidavits.

Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, JAN. 16.
THE ALLIED CONTRO
COUNCIL IN BERLIN HA
BEGUN TO SHAPE THE D
SIGN FOR A NEW GERMAN
WHICH, & FOR THE FIR
STEP, PARALLELS THE UN
ED STATES POLICY D
CLARATION OF DECEMBE
19

American officials pointed out that the council's decision on steel production corresponds to the American recommendation for a capacity of 7,800,000 tons. Russia had suggested 4,000,000 tons a year, but turned approximately 1,000,000.

The final council figure has been set at 6,800,000 tons production annually with a capacity to produce up to 7,500,000 tons.

American officials said the agreement should not be taken as a precedent for action on amounts for other basic products Germany will be allowed to produce.—Associated Press.

Sydney, Jan. 10.—The Australian Military Commission has recommended mercy for Rear-Admiral Hamaoka after sentencing him to death.

Hamaoka was sentenced to death for killing Australian prisoners of war and ill-treating prisoners.—Associated Press.

Overcoats made from blank
issued to the Services find a ready
sale in Macao. A number
stores dealing in second-hand
clothing are exhibiting these, and
one may be obtained for \$75,
even less, with a little bargain-
ing.

COUNTER - CHARGES OF
TRUCE AGREEMENT
SIDES ON TUESDAY AS
ALTERNATIVE CONFERENCE
THE COMMUNIST ELDER
- WU, FOR THE DEMO-
GOVERNMENT, NATION-
RY AND OTHER RE-

PICTURE CONFUSED
The whole picture is confused. The Communists, who had formerly given great prominence to the alleged capture by the Nationalists of Kupeikow near the Great Wall, 66 miles North-east of Peiping, spoke to-day of his strategic point as being in Communist hands. The Communists said the nationalists' forces attacked Kwangshu in Southwestern Honan after the

The Nationalists countered by asserting they occupied Kwang-chow before the deadline. Over-shadowing these charges and counter-charges, however, were proceedings at the Consultative Conference at which the principal feature was Tung Pi-wu's statement on the Communist ideas on the democratisation of the Government and the Nationalisation of the armed forces.

Tung Pi-wu indicated that the Communists are adhering to what they call their three plans under which, broadly speaking, the direction of the nation's affairs would be shared in the proportion of one third Kuomintang, one-third Communists and other parties, and one-third non-partisans. This, according to the Communists' plan, would apply not only at the centre but also in the provinces.

distribution of seats in the projected reorganised State Council which would give the Kuomintang a majority. They want the three system plan and also require approval by the Council of all orders issued by the President of the Republic whether they are of an emergency nature or not.

ed that the only exceptions to the release of political prisoners they would accept would be China traitors. Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek in outlining his bill for rights on January 10 pledged the release of political prisoners "except traitors and those found to have committed definite and injurious to the Republic. Meanwhile, there has been no agitation for the release of the Nationalist commanders in the hands of Communists, particularly those captured in abortive Nationalist drives in South China. —Associated Press.

Tokyo, Jan. 16.
G-I's reaction to General Eisenhower's discharge plan to be arranged from endorsement of the War Department demobilization policy by the 21-pointers to strong criticism of "army lethargy" men with 47 points.

Cpl. Salvatore Cammarata, Baltimore, Maryland, said the occupation troops in general were "disappointed" by the announcement "lowering of the general's morale" and "hoping for some specific date for going home. It doesn't give it to those like myself with 17 points."

Sgt. Charles Kaiser, of San Antonio, Texas, expressed the belief that the men should be "double time" for the overseas service. He said that the men with 17 points said he would like to go to his home in San Jose, Costa Rica, but "I agree with the War Department—we are demobilizing."

grunted soldier and fed up with the Army "policy" Sgt. Robert Wolf, of Detroit, asserted that the re-enlistment campaign was over the top and there were many men in the States that had never seen overseas service associated Press.

Forecast for to-day:—Fr
north-easterly winds, cloudy.
Yesterday's temperature:—
Maximum:—72 degrees at 2 p.
Minimum:—60 degrees at 4 a.

NAZI PROPAGANDA SECRETS

Whipping Up Hate Against Allies

More Women Wanted In U.N.O.

LONDON, Jan. 16. (REUTERS).—The American delegation to the United Nations Organization, on Tuesday, said she felt that Nazi satellite nations such as Italy should be admitted to the United Nations "as soon as they qualify".

The former First Lady of the United States added that questions on this issue would have to be decided by the special committee of the United Nations.

Asked to comment on the report that Winston Churchill might be named as Secretary-General of the United Nations Organization, Mrs. Roosevelt replied: "I really think Mr. Churchill would be the best person."

During her first general news conference since the U.N.O. Assembly opened, Mrs. Roosevelt said she would like the home of the U.N.O. to be established wherever its requirements could be most adequately met. She expressed disappointment that there were not more women in the Assembly, adding: "I would like to see more women because I think the more women feel they are directly involved in the success of the more interest they take." Associated Press.

Lack Of Success In Vienna

Vienna, Jan. 16. Secret files of the Vienna Branch of the Nazi Propaganda Ministry, found by Austrian police officials in the cellars of one of the huge "Flak towers" which the German army built for the protection of the city from air attack, tell part of the story of how Nazi officials used word of mouth propaganda to keep up morale and whip up hate against the Allies.

A report to the Propaganda Ministry in Berlin, signed by Eduard Frankfeld, leader of the Vienna propaganda office, gives details of one such rumour which he spread.

"After the air attack on June 20, 1944," he says, "I spread the rumour that one of the pilots killed in the raid had been identified as a Viennese Jew who had previously owned a big store in Floridsdorf (the district raided). He was in possession of detailed maps showing all the workers flats which he had ordered to bomb."

"This rumour spread all around the district and made the workers very bitter against the Jews."

In the same report, Frankfeld explains that he spread rumours through soldiers, all of them old Nazi party members, who met "by accident" in a tram or some other public place, and tell each other the news in loud voices.

PLAN MISFIED

He asks that another 50 soldiers shall be taken off ordinary duties and put on this work, and

Mercy Appeal For Killer Of Nips

Washington, N.J., Jan. 16. Officials and citizens rallied today to the support of a New Jersey soldier who was condemned to death in Japan by a military court for stabbing to death two Japanese in a park after a drinking spree.

Wallington and Lodi mayors appealed to President Truman to save Private First Class Joseph Hichawa. Neighbours also joined in an appeal for intervention by the State's two Senators.

In Washington the secretary to Senator Albert Hawkes, New Jersey Republican, said a new trial would be asked for the youth.

"If Japanese General Yamashita could have his conviction as a war criminal reviewed by the nation's supreme court," said Mayor Anthony Galewski of Wallington, "then certainly this American boy is entitled to the same privilege." Associated Press.

War Babies

San Francisco, Jan. 16. Crowded into a converted freighter on a 45-day voyage from New Zealand, 75 "war babies," of whom 20 are just recovering from measles, reached San Francisco today aboard the S.S. Permanente. The children all have American servicemen fathers.

The war bride mothers complained that they suffered from food shortages and overcrowded conditions on the long trip. Associated Press.

America Interfering In Brazil

Washington, Jan. 16. Former Under-Secretary of State Sumner Welles yesterday said the State Department policy is "radically undermining" friendship between the Brazilian and American people. He cited an incident last autumn in which he said American Ambassador Adolf Berle interjected advice in what Welles said was purely an internal Brazilian political matter.

"He subsequently announced the advice he had given them had been given with the full approval of the State Department in Washington," Welles continued. He asserted the Brazilian construed such advice as an indication that President Getulio Vargas no longer had the friendship and confidence of the United States.

"It was also interpreted as a direct interference by the United States in Brazil's internal affairs," Welles declared that unless the American people demand that the State Department return to the "strict non-interference" policy which characterized the Roosevelt administration "inter-American solidarity will radically become a thing of the past." Associated Press.

PRICE CONTROLS

Washington, Jan. 16. A Senator with good White House connections told reconvening Congressmen that President Truman will ask a full year's extension of price controls to June, 1947. The general reaction was that the President will get his request, possibly in modified form, either by making categorical exceptions to prevent imposition of controls where continued ceiling prices would stifle production, or by specifying items on which ceilings might be placed. Associated Press.

Drafting The Peace

London, Jan. 16. The American Secretary of State James Byrnes, with the agreement of Britain and Russia, has sent a note to Paris clarifying the attitude of the Big Three toward France's role in the European peace treaties. American officials said. The contents of the note were not made public.

The Big Three promise to draft the original treaties for Italy, Rumania, Hungary and Bulgaria with France participating directly in the drafting of the Italian treaty. These and the Anglo-Soviet draft for Finland then will be submitted to a European Peace Conference next Spring.

France asked about two weeks ago whether she would have the opportunity to submit amendments to the drafts at the Peace Conference and whether they would receive full consideration. Indications were that the Byrnes note assured France that her proposals would receive the fullest consideration. Associated Press.

BLOOD PLASMA FOR ALL

Washington, Jan. 16. Enough blood plasma to meet civilian needs for perhaps two years is being distributed throughout the country for use without charge.

The distribution is being arranged by the Red Cross after the Army and Navy declared a surplus of 1,250,000 units of the life-saving substance. This amount represents some 2,000,000 blood donations. Associated Press.

Homma Doctrine Was A Boomerang

Manila, Jan. 16. The doctrine of "command responsibility" which he invoked against ranking American and Filipino officer prisoners in the Philippines, returned today to haunt Gen. Masaharu Homma at his war crimes trial.

Col. Nemesio Catalan of the Philippine army said a Japanese prison camp commandant, on orders from Homma, told ranking officer prisoners that they would be held responsible with their lives for the conduct of their men, whether they were present or not. When camp rules were violated, the prosecution is seeking to establish exactly that point—that the commanding officer is responsible for the acts of his men.

During today's session, eyewitnesses testified that an American sergeant and nine comrades were executed after another prisoner escaped. The sergeant was identified as Isaac Landy.

Landy rose from the ground when the first volley failed to kill him, according to the testimony. He pointed at his heart and shouted at the Japanese riflemen: "Come on! Come on! Hit me here. Long live America."

Homma's prosecutors introduced Camp O'Donnell records showing 27,169 Filipinos died in the camp between April and August, 1942. Witnesses said the Japanese withheld plentiful supplies of captured

medical supplies from the prisoners and fed them only one and a half ounces of rice daily. Associated Press.

KOREAN DISCUSSIONS

Korea, Jan. 16. Lieut.-General John R. Hodge, Commandant of the 24th American Army Corps, today announced the joint American-Russian Commission on Korea will hold its first session here soon.

Major-General A. V. Arnold heads the American delegation. Arnold was recently Governor of the American occupied southern portion of Korea.

Col-General Shtikov is included in the Russian delegation. Associated Press.

Caracas, Venezuela, Jan. 16. The revolutionary junta which seized power in this oil-rich South American nation said today it had quashed a counter-revolutionary movement. Associated Press.

New Liners Being Built For Far East

Hong Kong, and the Far East generally, can expect to begin in due course from the ambitious shipbuilding programme which is now being carried out in Britain.

United Kingdom shipbuilders are so well advanced on post-war schedules that one ship per day is expected to be launched by the end of the year.

Italy Renewing Relations

Chungking, Jan. 16. Three Italian officials are at present in Chungking arranging for the forthcoming arrival of the first post-war Italian ambassador to China.

(China declared war against Germany and Italy immediately after the Pearl Harbor attack).

The trio is headed by Enrico Azziolo, the counsellor, who is in charge of affairs at Chungking in the interim. They expect Francesco Frasson to arrive as Ambassador in March. Associated Press.

PUPPET SENTENCED

Belgrade, Jan. 16. Anton Radich, member of a prominent Serbian family, accused of having joined the German Chetnik movement in 1943, was sentenced yesterday by the Belgrade People's Court to ten years' hard labour.

Radich is the grandson of Nikola Jashic, founder of the Radical Party and many times Premier of Serbia.

He was charged with serving the Chetniks as intelligence officer in Belgrade and with collaboration with the Gestapo and the Nedie puppet government's "special police." Associated Press.

APPEAL TURNED DOWN

Washington, Jan. 16. The United States Supreme Court yesterday took no action on General Yamashita's request for intervention in the Military Tribunal which sentenced him to death on charges of atrocities committed by Japanese troops in the Philippines.

Yamashita's counsel had petitioned the Supreme Court for intervention alleging that the Commission which tried him had no legal authority over the case.

Monday is the day that the Supreme Court hands down its decision. Associated Press.

COLOUR BAR

Norman, Okla., Jan. 16. The University of Oklahoma today denied admission to Edna Lois Shovel, a Negro girl who sought to enter the law school. A spokesman for the National Association for the Advancement of Coloured People, which sponsored the enrolment, said a federal court action would be filed. A university official said Oklahoma law bars Negro students from attending white schools. Associated Press.

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The Publishers do not contemplate the issue of the 1946 Edition of the "HONG KONG DOLLAR DIRECTORY" at the present time, when business affairs are incomplete and addresses are uncertain, but hope to be in a position to do so in mid-summer.

W. J. KEATES,
MANAGER.

January 8, 1946.

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SAILINGS TO SHANTOU
C. H. N. Co. S.S. "WOSANG" 20th Jan., 1946
C. H. N. Co. S.S. "THINAN" 28th Jan., 1946

SAILINGS TO HONGKONG
(No cargo) No passengers
C. H. N. Co. S.S. "GHANTUNG" 21st Jan., 1946
C. H. N. Co. S.S. "NINGHAI" 24th Jan., 1946

VESSELS DUE
C. H. N. Co. S.S. "WINGSANG" From Shanghai 16th Jan., 1946
C. H. N. Co. S.S. "YONG HAI" " 16th Jan., 1946
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NAZI VANDALISM FOILED

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How Austrians Saved Rembrandts

VIENNA, Jan. 16. HOW THE AUSTRIAN RESISTANCE MOVEMENT SAVED A MAJOR PART OF EUROPE'S ANCIENT ART TREASURES FROM DESTRUCTION BY THE NAZIS, HAS BEEN REVEALED BY DR. HERMAN MICHEL, DIRECTOR OF THE VIENNA NATURAL HISTORY MUSEUM, WHO WAS LARGELY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE ACTION.

FROM 1943 ON, THE NAZIS BEGAN TO STORE ART TREASURES FROM AUSTRIA, GERMANY AND ALL PARTS OF OCCUPIED EUROPE IN THE GREAT SALT MINES AT SALT AUSSEE NEAR SALZBURG.

Hundreds of irreplaceable pictures from the Vienna galleries, including three self-portraits by Rembrandt, were among the treasures taken to Alt Aussee, where the Nazis finally assembled a total of 7,000 paintings from all over Europe, including no less than 20 Rembrandts.

Other treasures included the Michel Angelo Madonna from Bruges, engravings and pictures from the Monte Cassino Abbey and Naples, and the libraries of the Archaeological and Historical Institutes in Rome.

When, in March 1945, it seemed obvious that the war was lost, the Gauleiter of Oberdanube, a man named Eigruber, had eight bombs, each weighing a ton, packed in cases and sent into the salt mine labelled "military". He intended to blow up the whole mine, destroying not only a large proportion of the cultural heritage of Europe but at the same time one of Austria's main industrial enterprises.

PATRIOTS' ACTION Austrian patriots, who formed a large proportion of the art experts engaged in storing the treasures, discovered the presence of the bombs by a lucky chance. With the help of members of the local resistance movement, they succeeded in removing the detonators and made the bombs harmless.

To prevent another Nazi attempt to destroy the store at the last moment, Austrian explosive experts were called in. With a number of small charges, they sealed off the underground passages where the pictures, sculptures and books were stored.

On May 8, the first American troops arrived at Alt Aussee, and Dr. Michel was able to hand over the entire store in perfect condition.

Most of the treasures have now been returned to their rightful owners, and very shortly the people of Vienna will be able to see their old masters again. Reuter.

STAR ATTRACTION

London, Jan. 16. Five women are to-day among the 185 delegates representing 61 nations at the United Nations Organization General Assembly meeting here.

Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt, wife of the late United States President Franklin D. Roosevelt, is the star attraction.

The four other women are delegates from Great Britain, New Zealand, the Dominican Republic and White Russia.—Associated Press.

CONSISTENT?

Washington, Jan. 16. The Navy's part in training and equipping the brigade of the Royal Netherlands Marines was "thoroughly consistent with the foreign and military policies of the United States Government," Assistant Navy Secretary H. Struve Hensel said in a letter inserted in the Congressional Record.

The Navy comment was asked by a member of the House Naval Committee after Representative Patterson, Democrat of California, had expressed amazement on Dec. 11 that "our Navy Department had helped to train and equip Dutch troops who are now fighting the Indonesian people." Associated Press.

BRIDGE NOTES

Psychic bids aren't made very much these days, and we suppose that most of our readers use them with moderation, if at all. What ever you think about psychic bids, however, you'll probably be interested in the sad tale of a famous expert's psychic two-bid.

South Dealer
Both sides vulnerable
S. A K 10 6
H. 4
D. A K 7 4
C. Q 9 6 3
S. Q 4
H. A 10 7 6
D. Q J 9 8
C. 5 2
N. E
W. S
S. 10 8 5 2
H. R Q J 8
D. 3
C. 10 7 6 2
S. J 7 3
H. 9 6 2
D. 10 5 3
C. K J 8 4

The bidding:
South West North East
2C Pass 7C Pass
2C Pass 7C Pass
Pass

The bidding, as you can see, was brief and decisive. The play was brief but even more decisive, for South was set five tricks a penalty of 1,400 points!

But when the smoke had cleared, both North and South earnestly maintained that the other had been more at fault for the disaster. Our own opinion is a mixed one. We think South's psychic two-bid was rather silly but that North's lupus to seven clubs was stupid.

South intended to pass his partner's response, whatever it might be, and hoped that the opponents would be intimidated by the opening two-bid or, in any event, prevented from reaching their best contract. The odds against any such success were tremendous, and it was much more likely that the psychic bid would result in a bad penalty. Nevertheless, there was a faint bid at all. A simple response of two diamonds would have been enough at that point. If South had a legitimate two-bid (which North's strength should have caused him to doubt) he would bid again, and North would have ample opportunity to bid a Grand Slam. And if South's two-bid were so ridiculous that he had to pass two diamonds (as would have been the case), North would have reason to be glad he had not made a higher bid.

Yesterday you were Merwin Miller's partner and, with neither side vulnerable, you held:

S. K J 9 8
H. 10 5
D. A 10 7
C. Q J 10 6

The bidding:
You Jacoby Maier Schenken
Pass Pass 1 H Pass
1 S Pass 2 H Pass
(7)

Answer: Bid two no-trump. There is probably a game at no-trump, and if your partner has anything but the barest minimum he will bid it.

Score 100 per cent for two no-trump, 80 per cent for three no-trump, 0 for any other bid.

QUESTION

To-day you are Oswald Jacoby's partner and, with neither side vulnerable, you hold:

S. J 8
H. K J 5
D. K Q 4 2
C. Q J 7 3

The bidding:
Schenken You Maier Jacoby
Pass Pass Pass 1 S
Pass (7)
What do you bid? (Answer To-morrow)

Should U.N.O. Use The Atom Bomb?

LONDON, Jan. 16. UNITED NATIONS USE OF ATOMIC WEAPONS WHEN NECESSARY TO HELP TO PRESERVE WORLD PEACE WAS PROPOSED TO THE ASSEMBLY YESTERDAY BY N. J. G. MAKIN, THE AUSTRALIAN DELEGATE.

Makin, who is destined to become the first President of the all-powerful Security Council which will control the world police force, stated that "nothing in the nature of atomic weapons should excite them from the police force arsenal. His suggestion brought a quick reply from the Netherlands Prime Minister, Dr. Willem Schermerhorn, who asserted that a peaceful world must be built upon "moral principles" and he cautioned against trying to achieve international cooperation through fear.

"There are many who seem to believe that the frightful prospect of mass killings of millions by the explosive release of atomic energy will provide the stimulus for making the United Nations Organization a success, but it seems to me that those who reason thus are themselves unready themselves, unready to face the world as it is, and are in a state of panic." Associated Press.

Winston Not Retiring

NEW YORK, Jan. 16. BRITAIN'S WAR TIME PRIME MINISTER WINSTON CHURCHILL ARRIVED IN THE UNITED STATES YESTERDAY ON THE LINER "QUEEN ELIZABETH" TOGETHER WITH HIS WIFE.

Churchill said he hoped to see President Truman in Fulton, Missouri, where he is to speak at the Westminster College. He said he had no immediate thought of retiring from politics or ceasing to lead the Conservative Party until they can make arrangements for some other leadership.

He said he thought the problem of the national Jewish home in Palestine was "too difficult to be attempted by one nation alone. I am strongly in favour of a joint inquiry by the United States and Great Britain."

He said: "I think it would be a great mistake to share the secret of the atomic bomb unless the proper controls are established." Associated Press.

ACCOUNTS RELEASED

Tokyo, Jan. 16. Supreme Allied Headquarters has authorized the Japanese government to release from fixed deposits accounts retirement allowances received on discharge by civilian workers in Army or Navy factories or military establishments. The order does not apply to military personnel or civilian officials in military factories or establishments.—Associated Press.

Haul From Steel Shuttered House

Thieves who broke into the Marquis of Tavistock's house in Wilton-street, Victoria, London, for the second time in four weeks and the fourth time in four years, stole a mink coat valued at \$4,000 and \$1,000 worth of jewellery. The coat was bought to replace one stolen about 18 months ago.

Iron bars and steel shutters had been erected in an attempt to prevent further burglaries which have caused him a total loss of \$10,000. The latest robbery was discovered when Lord Tavistock, heir to the Duke of Bedford, returned home early in the morning. The mink coat was found on the front door was broken. Stolen property included a 46-pearl necklace, with diamond clasp.

WORK OF ONE GANG

The police believe all the robberies to have been the work of the same gang. So far, they have got away mainly with fur coats, jewellery, linen and silk stockings. Lord Tavistock is now considering what further precautions he can take. The burglary window where the thieves broke in two years ago has iron bars across it, and a double window at the back of the house is barricaded with a sheet of metal and a heavy shutter.—Reuter.

Footprint Clue To Woman Jewel Thief

Prints of naked feet found in the mud after a £2,000 jewel robbery at the home of Mr. F. J. van der Bergh, a Dutch Government official of Gwendolen-avenue, Putney, London, are believed by Scotland Yard to be those of a woman. There have been reports for some time that a woman was connected with a number of the recent jewel robberies.

It may be that plaster-cast impressions of the prints will help the police complete a picture of the prowler who made them.

The prints were long and thin and high insteped, suggesting that the thief might have been a woman with abnormally long feet. In the garden barefoot tracks were found leading to the house, but none was found leading away from it.

The thief used a ladder to enter the house, and he or she wore gloves, leaving no finger-prints. The family were having supper at the time but heard no noise.

The footprints were first discovered by Mrs. van der Bergh who called a policeman. He was shown the footprints and searched the house, finding nothing was out of place.

They decided the burglar had been disturbed and had fled, and the van der Berghs went ahead with their plan to visit a friend's house.

On their return they found the jewels, had disappeared from the wardrobe. One theory is the foot prints were made by someone making a reconnaissance of the house before carrying out the burglary. It proved to be of no use.

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U.S. PLAN FOR WORLD POLICE FORCE

LONDON, JAN. 16. INFORMED SOURCES TODAY SAID THE AMERICAN DELEGATES AT THE U.N.O. MEETING PLAN THAT THE UNITED STATES FORCES TO BE ASSIGNED TO THE U.N.O. "WORLD POLICE FORCE" WILL BE SCATTERED GEOGRAPHICALLY.

American troops, they would be within reach of any spot where a world force might be called to put down aggression. Details of this plan are under consideration pending negotiations with other members of the U.N.O. Military Staff Committee.

Under the U.N.O. plan, each United Nations member would contribute a certain number of troops and equipment to the force, which would be available for use in keeping peace.

Official sources said the American delegates are working out the following tentative principles: Each nation would contribute a balanced contingent of air and ground troops. The size of the force would be determined by two factors: the need for troops to be kept in the power of the U.N.O. and the need for a political presence.

These working out the plan say that the force would be more than military necessity would dictate. With regard to the contribution by the various countries, they would be worked out on the basis of their resources.

Thus America and Britain might contribute a third of the force, and the Soviet Union and Russia would contribute a quarter. Congress would have to approve the American contribution to such plan. Associated Press.

Main Hope To Avoid Annihilation

NEW YORK, JAN. 16. THAT THE HOPE OF HUMANITY FOR WORLD PEACE RESTS IN THE UNITED NATIONS ORGANISATION IS THE CONSENSUS OF LEADING EDITORIAL COMMENT PUBLISHED BY MANY AMERICAN NEWSPAPERS AS THE U.N.O. ASSEMBLY MET IN ITS INITIAL SESSION IN LONDON. SOME EDITORS PICTURED THE U.N.O. AS THE WORLD'S MAIN HOPE TO AVOID A HORRIBLE ATOMIC WARFARE.

Senator Backs G.I.'s

Washington, Jan. 16. Senator Edwin Johnson, Democrat of Colorado, today declared that the American soldiers' complaints against the demobilization plan were "justified." As Chairman of the military sub-committee investigating the demobilization problem, Johnson in a speech said the only excuse given for the slow-down in demobilization was "commitments" but every one knows and wants to keep our commitments in Germany and Japan. What others are there? Congress has never adopted the policy of polluting the world. Congress has not been committed to preserve the British Empire in India, the French Empire in Indo-China or the Dutch Empire in the East Indies. The demonstrations in Shanghai by Chinese students telling the Americans to go home are significant.

Secretary of War Robert Patterson told soldiers in Korea that a new long-range plan was under consideration in Washington and assured the War Department was trying to remedy the redeployment situation. He said the Department's policy up to date has not been inconsistent. Associated Press.

NO HART FOR MORE

Hartford, Conn., Jan. 16. U. S. Senator Thomas C. Hart, Connecticut Republican, announced that he will not seek re-election to the Congress next year. The retired admiral was commander of the United States Asiatic Fleet at the outbreak of the Pacific war. Associated Press.

Tokyo, Jan. 16. Allied Authorities today notified the Japanese government that aeronautical equipment of equipment previously used for aeronautical research must not be used or removed from laboratories pending disposal instructions from G.H.Q. Associated Press.

Harmony Quartette In A Vienna Setting

(By John Peet, Reuters Correspondent).

China's Part In Occupation Of Japan

Washington, Jan. 16. Acting Secretary of State Dean Acheson told newsmen today that the anticipated Chinese participation in the occupation of Japan was not imminent.

He said China continues to express a willingness to send troops to Japan when able, but that a number of Chinese troops are not available for such duty.

Acheson also said that reports that General MacArthur had rejected a Russian request to send Soviet troops to Japan were erroneous. Thus far, he said, Russia has not requested participation in the occupation of Japan.

Acheson said the expected contribution of British Empire troops had not arrived in Japan and it did not indicate when they are expected.

He reminded newsmen, however, that the United States desired that Allied participation in Japan be on a basis of equality. MacArthur's command. Associated Press.

Chinese Paper In Tokyo

Tokyo, Jan. 16. The first Chinese language newspaper published in Tokyo since the war, the "Mainichi" said today with a view to promoting Chinese-Japanese relations.

The newspaper will be known as "Kochi Ching-kun Jih Pao" or "The Japanese Daily" and will be under the editorship of "Lo Ching-shang," a Chinese physician resident in Japan for twenty years. Associated Press.

INTER ALLIED COOPERATION IN VIENNA IS TODAY A MATTER OF WALKING INTO THE OFFICE NEXT DOOR, WHERE THE FRENCH, RUSSIAN OR AMERICAN OFFICER, WHO LUNCHES WITH HIS BRITISH COLLEAGUE EVERY DAY, IS READY WITH SUGGESTIONS, COMPROMISES OR ADVICE WITHOUT THE NECESSITY OF MINUTES AND FILES.

The Allied Secretariat, which is housed in the office of the Austrian Chamber of Commerce on the Schwarzenberg Platz in the centre of Vienna, with windows looking out on to the great Russian memorial to the Red Army, men who died in the battle for the liberation of the city, has only been in existence for a little over two months; but it has already given convincing proof that human contact can overcome the differences of varying languages and backgrounds.

The motto of the secretariat, which was founded on October 15 to deal with matters which concerned the whole of the Allied Commission for Austria rather than any individual element, is "a sense of humour, human understanding and common sense."

In addition, the secretaries of the four national elements decided before the office was opened that no door should ever be locked, and this decision has probably done more than anything else to make things go smoothly.

Walking round the building with a British officer, one feels a sense of freedom and friendship which is unfortunately all too rare in Vienna today. In the corridors and offices one sees small groups standing in discussion, and it is very unusual to see a group composed of only one nationality.

In the restaurant, there is the same integration. Russian, French, Americans and British sitting together at the tables, talking in a babble of languages.

Curiously enough, German, the language of the defeated enemy, bids fair to become the lingua franca of the victors, since nearly every officer or man knows some German, though very few British officers know Russian, and comparatively few Soviet officers know English.

In the "other ranks" dining room there is a similar picture. A.T.S. typists from London, young French girls who fought in the Maquis, and Russian Amazons eat and laugh together.

"OLD BOY" SPIRIT. Co-operation in the office and canteens extends to leisure hours. British officers go shooting with their Soviet colleagues, while dances arranged by the French are attended by typists and clerks from the other national elements.

But it is not all a matter of friendly talks, dances and toasts. The secretariat, just because of its friendly atmosphere, gets through an enormous amount of work in an extremely efficient way.

Just because the members of the different national elements are on what the army describes as "old boy terms" it is possible to discover the reactions of other national elements to any proposal to make — and therefore possible to work out proposals which can be approved by all four Commanders-in-Chief with little serious difference of opinion. — Reuters.

Behind Time

Washington, Jan. 16. The big four allies in Europe are far behind their schedule in determining the amount of German industrial equipment to be taken as reparations in the American, British and French occupation zones, it was learned here today. Officials said there is no chance of reaching a final agreement by Feb. 2 which is the deadline set by the Potsdam Big-Three communiqué for determining the amount of reparations to be taken from the conquered countries. Associated Press.

U.S. ARMY REDUCTION

Washington, Jan. 16. General Dwight Eisenhower, U.S. Army Chief of Staff, today said the United States Army has been reduced from 8,000,000 last September to 4,200,000 men on January 1. On January 1 there were 64,000 American soldiers in the China-Burma-India theatre, 865,000 men in the Pacific theatre, and 24,000 in Alaska. Associated Press.

France Won't Be Left Out

Paris, Jan. 16. United States Secretary of State James Byrnes has assured France that the United States, Britain and Russia would accord definite weight to any recommendations by any other of the 18 powers interested in the drafting of the European peace pact, it was learned today. Byrnes also said the three major powers have no objection to former enemy nations being heard on the treaties they must sign.

The statement was made in answer to the French request for a clarification of the recent Moscow discussions concerning peace treaties and the 21-nation conference to be held in Paris not later than May.

In London, a Foreign Office spokesman said Britain was seeking to get the Big Five representatives to work on the European peace treaties this week while top state-men are in London for the U.N.O. Conference. Simultaneously the Foreign Office has asked Paris if it was willing to start work immediately on the Italian peace treaty before the Big Three have answered French questions about negotiation of treaties with Germany's ex-satellites. Associated Press.

CHINA TO BUILD UP OWN AIR FORCE

Shanghai, Jan. 16. Post-war China needs a strong air force, and will undertake to build it entirely by herself, stated Colonel Chien Po, head of the Political Department of the Chinese Air Force Headquarters, at a press conference here. The Chinese Air Force is now engaged in the necessary expansion, and does not require foreign designs or "traditions," he said.

The birth of the Chinese Air Force dates from 1937, prior to which there was absolutely no plane industry in China. Even during the war the formation and maintenance of an air arm was extremely difficult, but was successfully carried out by the "heroism and patriotism displayed by the entire personnel of the C.A.F."

China today has quite a large number of planes for defence purposes, the Colonel added. "Most people believe the C.A.F. is developing along Soviet-American lines. I wish to point out that they completely forget the real significance attached to the C.A.F. during the war, and the fact that, in future, we shall build planes entirely free from foreign traditions."

ALUMINIUM PLANES. The C.A.F. will demonstrate a number of planes of all-aluminium construction early next year, and will continue its wartime policy of maintaining various educational institutions in the hinterland of China, the spokesman added. Five educational institutes exist at present, training pilots and mechanics, and giving young Chinese students a thorough grounding in aeronautics.

Colonel Chien pointed out that in an ever-expanding air-conscious China, each year sees an increasing number of youths eager to enter the Chinese Air Force, and embarking on training courses for that purpose. — Reuters.

Tokyo Tram Strike Settled

Tokyo, Jan. 16. Over 7,000 municipal street-car employees won their 300 per cent increase and the assurance of an eight-hour day, among other demands which were accepted by the Tokyo Municipality in settling the seven-day labour dispute, the "Asahi" reported today. Despite the size of the wage increase, it means only a minimum wage of five yen daily for males and four yen daily for female employees. In addition, the Municipality has agreed to give a 400 per cent increase in family and housing allowances. Associated Press.

CHINESE ARMY TO BE CUT DRASTICALLY

CHUNGKING, JAN. 16. GENERAL CHANG CHUN TODAY ANNOUNCED THE ORGANISATION AND FIRST MEETING OF THE THREE-MAN COMMITTEE FORMED UNDER A GOVERNMENT-COMMUNIST AGREEMENT TO BROADEN THE CHINESE ARMY.

Generals Chang Chun and Chiang Chih-chung represent the Central Government and General Chou En-lai represents the Communists.

Chang Chun said he hoped the Committee would reorganise the Communist armies within three months.

General Lin Wei, Vice Minister of War, said the plans call for a reduction of the present 4,800,000 men in the Chinese Army to 1,800,000 men within six months. Chou En-lai said he hoped nationalisation of the army will be simultaneous with the democratisation of the Government. Chou proposed that foreign loans to China be used for rehabilitation and reconstruction and not to maintain a military force. Chou said the Communists would reduce their armies to twenty divisions but contended that this programme should be co-ordinated with the reorganisation of the Government forces. Associated Press.

A Lie Denial

London, Jan. 16. Norwegian Foreign Minister Trygve Lie denied newspaper reports that a "Russian bloc" had presented him as a candidate for the office of Secretary General of the United Nations Organisation. "I know of no Russian bloc," said Lie, adding that any question of whether he would accept nomination to the Secretary General's post was "purely hypothetical" since "not a single member of the 51 delegations at the General Assembly has made such an offer." Associated Press.

Philippine Railway Strike

Manila, Jan. 16. The Philippine railway service was halted today when 4,600 railway workers began the first mass strike in the 54-year history of Philippines railways.

They are asking for wage increases and a termination of the recent lay-offs. The railways are operated by the United States Army.

Lieut. General W. D. Syer, Commander of the United States Army forces in the Western Pacific said that no military personnel will be used to move the trains.

The railways were to be turned over to the Philippine Government on January 1 but the Army retained control when a strike threatened and when the Philippine Government said it did not have funds to operate them. Associated Press.

Thinks U.S. Army Bands Are Lousy

New York, Jan. 16. The traditional regimental band with colourful uniforms, precision marching and baton-swinging drum major must return to the U.S. Army, says Dr. Edwin Franko Goldman, noted band leader and composer, because first rate bands are essential to maintaining the prestige of the Army, both at home and abroad.

He said the best band he heard on a Pacific tour was the Japanese Army Band. "Military bands are the stiff pieces of the army," he said. "If they are badly trained or poorly led, the public thinks of the soldiers behind them as no better."

Dr. Goldman pointed out that all the great armies of history have had great bands. "Napoleon's Imperial Guard—now the Guards Republicans—France—had and has a world famous band; the bands of the British Household regiments entrusted with the guarding of the King draw thousands when they play for the Changing of the Guard; one of the first things the Germans did on taking over a country was to bring in their bands and give concerts; even Russia, hard-pressed as she was by the Germans, found time to train fine bands.

"Why can't the United States, which has put a really great army into the field, have bands which are comparable?"

Dr. Goldman based his criticism of the Army band system on observations made on a two-month tour of the Pacific as an entertainer. During his tour he led or heard most of the larger American military bands in the Pacific, and many of the Filipino or Japanese organisations. The best American band he found in the Pacific, Dr. Goldman said, was inferior to most of the Japanese and Filipino organisations. Associated Press.

ATOMIC BLAST CAN STILL GO UP

WASHINGTON, JAN. 16. WHILE THE UNITED NATIONS ORGANISATION (U.N.O.) TRIES TO FIND A WAY TO OUTLAW OR CONTROL THE ATOMIC BOMB — THE UNITED STATES, A U.N.O. MEMBER, APPARENTLY WILL CONTINUE TO MAKE THE BOMB, BUILD UP A SUPPLY, AND KEEP THE SECRET. RUSSIA AND OTHER U.N.O. MEMBERS APPARENTLY WILL CONTINUE TO TRY TO FIND OUT HOW TO MAKE THE BOMB.

Then someday U.N.O. members may get together, decide to outlaw the bomb, and then may be no more bombs will be made. The words "may" and "may" cannot be too heavily emphasised.

This is a realistic, not a cynical, appraisal of what the Foreign Ministers of the United States, Britain and Russia worked out in Moscow and laid in the lap of the present U.N.O. session.

They have proposed that U.N.O. create an atomic commission which would seek some way of having U.N.O. ban the bomb as a weapon of war.

To understand what is involved in all this, here is the background:

Last November President Truman, Britain's Prime Minister, Mr. Attlee, and Canada's Prime Minister, Mr. Mackenzie King, met here to discuss the bomb.

TRIPARTITE STATEMENT. Their three countries alone knew the bomb secret. They issued a statement which said in part:

"We are aware that the only complete protection for the civilised world from the destructive of scientific knowledge lies in the prevention of war."

This was another way of saying we can make international agreement not to use the bomb, but if war breaks out—wham!

But so that international agreements could be worked out, the three heads of government proposed that U.N.O. set up an atomic commission to study the problem of atomic energy.

The commission will work under U.N.O.'s Security Council. And that is very significant.

The Council is made up of five permanent members—United States, Britain, Russia, France, China—and six smaller members elected for two-year periods.

On important questions all five of the permanent members must vote "yes." A single "no" vote by any one of the five vetoes any action.

So if the Atomic Commission proposes something which any one of the Big-Five disapproves, no action can be taken on that proposal.

This is the heart of the whole atomic bomb question, once the commission comes up with proposals.

But the Commission itself will have to move a step at the time in offering details on the four points listed above. There may be long intervals between steps.

So that international solution of the bomb problem may be years away. Meanwhile, until our government, through the President or congress, says otherwise, we seem sure to keep on making the bombs.

If it is years before the Security Council of U.N.O.

H.K.T.

12.30 p.m.—Daily Programme Sum Mary.

12.33 p.m.—George Scott Wood & His Accordion Band.

12.45 p.m.—Dancers and Bands—The Cavalier of Bong—ENSA.

1.00 p.m.—News and Announcements.

1.10 p.m.—Short Programme of American Music.

1.30 p.m.—Variety Programme.

2.00 p.m.—Close Down.

6.00 p.m.—A Programme of Hill Billy Music.

7.00 p.m.—London Relay—News.

7.15 p.m.—Melody Lingers On—ENSA.

7.30 p.m.—Studio—Hel Lorenson and the Piano.

7.50 p.m.—Tommy Dorsey & His Orchestra and Dinah Shore (Vocal).

8.30 p.m.—"Service Music Hall"—ENSA.

9.00 p.m.—London Relay—News.

9.05 p.m.—The Kings of Oscar Strauss.

9.30 p.m.—B.A.S. Concert Orchestra.

10.00 p.m.—A Programme of Light Spanish Music with Tito Schipa (Singer) and Co. Chile Superlatos (Mezzo-Soprano).

10.30 p.m.—Music for Dancing.

11.00 p.m.—Close Down.

Programmes marked ENSA are recorded specially for Service Entertainment by the Department of National Service Entertainment.

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